UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS TYLER DIVISION

Accolade Systems LLC, a Texas Limited Liability Company, \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ Plaintiff, v. § Case No.:6:07-cv-48 § § § Citrix Systems, Inc., a Delaware corporation; Webex Communications, Inc., a Delaware corporation; Laplink Software Inc. a Washington corporation, § § § Defendants.

PARTIES' P.R. 4-5(d) JOINT CLAIM CONSTRUCTION CHART

Pursuant to Local Patent Rule 4-5(d) and the Court's January 2, 2008 Docket Control Order, Plaintiff Accolade and Defendants Citrix and WebEx hereby submit the Parties' Joint Claim Construction Chart, attached as Exhibit A. A copy of this submission on disk has also been sent to the Court.

Dated: November 7, 2008

Respectfully submitted,

. abraham

CARL R. ROTH

State Bar No. 17312000

AMANDA A. ABRAHAM

THE ROTH LAW FIRM

State Bar No. 24055077

115 Wellington, Suite 200

Marshall, Texas 75670

Phone: (903) 935-1665

Fax: (903) 935-1797

ATTORNEY FOR PLAINTIFF ACCOLADE SYSTEMS LLC

Bryant C. Boren, Jr., Lead Attorney

State Bar No. 02664100

Email: bryant.c.boren@bakerbotts.com

Douglas Kubehl

State Bar No. 00796909

Email: doug.kubehl@bakerbotts.com

Kurt Pankratz

State Bar 24013291

Email: kurt.pankratz@bakerbotts.com

Brian J. Gaffney

State Bar No. 24032333

Email: brian.gaffney@bakerbotts.com

BAKER BOTTS L.L.P.

2001 Ross Avenue, Suite 600 Dallas, Texas 75201-2980 214.953.6500 - Voice

214.953.6503 – Facsimile

Robinson Vu

State Bar No. 24047046

Email: robinson.vu@bakerbotts.com

BAKER BOTTS L.L.P.

One Shell Plaza 910 Louisiana Street Houston, Texas 77002 713.229.1715 - Voice 713.229.7815 - Facsimile

S. Calvin Capshaw

State Bar No. 03783900

Email: ccapshaw@capshawlaw.com

Elizabeth DeRieux

State Bar No. 05770585

Email: ederieux@capshawlaw.com

CAPSHAW DERIEUX L.L.P.

P.O. Box 3999

Longview, Texas 75606-3999

903.236.9800 - Voice

903.236.8787 - Facsimile

ATTORNEYS FOR WEBEX

/s/

Douglas J. Kline

dkline@goodwinprocter.com

William A. Meunier

wmeunier@goodwinprocter.com

Charles H. Sanders

csanders@goodwinprocter.com

Safraz W. Ishmael

sishmael@goodwinprocter.com

GOODWIN PROCTER LLP

Exchange Place

53 State Street

Boston, MA 02109

Telephone: (617) 570-1000

Fax: (617) 570-1231

Wesley Hill

Texas Bar No. 24032294

IRELAND, CARROLL & KELLEY, P.C.

6101 South Broadway, Suite 500

Tyler, TX 75703

Telephone: (903) 561-1600

Fax: (903) 581-1071

Email: wesleyhill@icklaw.com

ATTORNEYS FOR CITRIX SYSTEMS,

INC.

COMMUNICATIONS, INC.	

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned hereby certifies that all counsel of record who are deemed to have consented to electronic service are being served with a copy of this document via the Court's CM/ECF system per Local Rule CV-5(a)(3) this 7th day of November, 2008. Any other counsel of record will be served by facsimile transmission and/or first class mail.

Amanda A. Abraham

EXHIBIT A

Accolade Systems LLC v Citrix Systems, Inc., et al

U.S. Patent No. 7,130,888

*The parties have not been able to agree to the proper construction of any of the terms proposed for construction.

	Claim Term, Phrase, or Clause	Plaintiff's Proposed Construction	Defendants' Proposed Construction	Court's Construction
1.	controlling a computer (Claim 1)	Accolade contends that the body of the claim sets out the complete invention, and the preamble cannot be said to constitute or explain a claim limitation, and therefore should not be construed. In the event the Court were to determine the preamble requires construction, the construction should be: "providing input to a computer".	taking over the entire functionality of a host computer compromise construction: taking over all of the functionality of a host computer that can be controlled by a mouse or keyboard	
2.	client computer (Claim 1)	Accolade contends the term does not require construction and is defined by the limitations in the claim language. If the Court were to determine that the term requires construction, the construction should be: "Computer used to interact with the host computer."	the computer accessing the host computer	
3.	client program (Claim 1)	a set of instructions for execution by a client computer by, for example, a browser program or the operating system.	a script for execution by a browser program on, or the operating system of, the client computer compromise construction: a script for execution by a client computer by, for example, a browser program or the operating system	
4.	being delivered (Claim 1)	Having been transmitted.	transmitted from the host computer	

Accolade Systems LLC v Citrix Systems, Inc., et al

U.S. Patent No. 7,130,888

	Claim Term, Phrase, or Clause	Plaintiff's Proposed Construction	Defendants' Proposed Construction	Court's Construction
5.	encrypted event data (Claim 1)	Information representing an action or occurrence coded to be unintelligible without decoding information, commonly a key or a password	the event data that was encrypted by the client program	
6.	host computer (Claim 1)	Accolade contends the term does not require construction and is defined by the limitations in the claim language. If the Court were to determine that the term requires construction, the construction should be: "Computer system available to interact with client computer."	a computer posted on a web page	
7.	host computer being capable of being accessed by said client computer (Claim 1)	The term should be given its plain and commonly understood meaning and needs no further construction. If the Court determines that the jury requires instruction on the plain meaning, the construction should be: "Host computerbeing able to interact with the client computer."	all the functionalities of the host computer are capable of being displayed on and run from the client computer	
8.	event queue (Claim 1)	List of event information waiting to be processed on a computer.	a memory within a computer that stores a sequence of events to be executed by the computer compromise construction: a series of messages or jobs waiting to be processed automatically one after the other by a computer system	

Accolade Systems LLC v Citrix Systems, Inc., et al

U.S. Patent No. 7,130,888

	Claim Term, Phrase, or Clause	Plaintiff's Proposed Construction	Defendants' Proposed Construction	Court's Construction
9.	host program (Claim 1)	A set of instructions executed on the host computer	an application program executed by the operating system of the host computer	
10.	video buffer image within said host computer (Claim 1)	Information stored within the host computer which can be used to display an image.	the bit mapped (or pixel mapped) version of the image currently displayed on the screen of the host computer that is stored in memory of the host computer compromise construction: the bit mapped (or pixel mapped) version of the image currently displayed on the screen of the host computer, if it has one, that is stored in memory of the host computer	
11.	web page (Claim 1)	The term should be given its plain and commonly understood meaning and needs no further construction. If the Court determines that the jury requires instruction on the plain meaning, the construction should be: "A page which when opened in a web browser on a computer can display text, images or links to the addresses of other pages or locations on a network, such as the internet or an intranet."	a software created "object" including an interface written in HTML which permits text and images to be presented via a web browser to a computer system that is coupled to or part of the Internet	

Accolade Systems LLC v Citrix Systems, Inc., et al

U.S. Patent No. 7,130,888

	Claim Term, Phrase, or Clause	Plaintiff's Proposed Construction	Defendants' Proposed Construction	Court's Construction
12.	host computer is initially accessed by said client computer through a web page (Claim 1)	The term should be given its plain and commonly understood meaning and needs no further construction. If the Court determines that the jury requires instruction on the plain meaning, the construction should be: "Client computer first interacts with the host computer by means of a web page."	the client computer first accesses the host computer via a web page by obtaining the internet address of the host computer from the web page	
13.	said client computer and said host computer communicate directly or indirectly with TCP/IP protocol data packets over said TCP/IP protocol network after a connection between said host computer and said client computer has been established (Claim 1)	After connected, the host and client computers exchange information directly or indirectly over the network with TCP/IP data packets	the client computer and the host computer exchange TCP/IP protocol data packets with each other using a TCP/IP connection established between the host computer and the client computer	
14.	TCP/IP protocol data packet (Claim 1)	The term should be given its plain and commonly understood meaning and needs no further construction. If the Court determines that the jury requires instruction on the plain meaning, the construction should be: "Units of data transmitted in compliance with the TCP/IP protocol between computers on a network."	a data packet constructed, transmitted, and received according to the Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol format.	