

Lecture 11

Lemma Given

- relations R_1, \dots, R_k
- an k -variable f

$$f: R_1 \times R_2 \times \dots \times R_k \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$f(t_1, \dots, t_k)$ gives "response"
for inputs t_1, \dots, t_k

- $\forall i \in \{1, \dots, k\}$ we are given constants a_i, b_i (that form expression $a_i + \sum_{t_i} b_i$)

Then:

$$\sum_{t_1 \in R_1} \sum_{t_2 \in R_2} \dots \sum_{t_k \in R_k} \sum_{t'_1 \in R_1} \sum_{t'_2 \in R_2} \dots \sum_{t'_k \in R_k} \prod_{i=1}^k (a_i + b_i \sum_{t_i} f(t_i, t'_1, \dots, t'_k))$$

$$g(t_1, \dots, t_k) \cdot g(t'_1, \dots, t'_k) =$$

$$\sum_{S \subseteq \{1, \dots, k\}} \left(\sum_{\{t_i \in R_i \mid i \in S\}} \prod_{i \in S} a_i \prod_{i \in S^c} b_i \right)$$

$$\left(\sum_{\{t_i \in R_i \mid i \in S\}} g(\{t_i \in R_i \mid i \in S\}, \{t'_i \in R_i \mid i \in S^c\}) \right)^2$$

\bar{S} - complement of S
 S - indexes of main
 outside of how

$$\sum_{t_i} \dots \sum_{t_{|S|}} \text{ for } S = \{i_1, \dots, i_{|S|}\}$$

Proof:

By induction:

Base case: $k=1$ ✓

Induction:

Need to generalize the problem:

Given n and given $1 \leq r_1 \leq \dots \leq r_k \leq n$

$$\tilde{F}_n(t_1, t_2, \dots, t_k, t'_1, \dots, t'_k) = \sum_{t_1, \dots, t_k, t'_1, \dots, t'_k} \sum_{t_1 \leq \dots \leq t_k} S(t_1, \dots, t_k) \cdot g(t'_1, \dots, t'_k)$$

\tilde{F}_k is d.l.h. of k to prove.

$$g_n(t_1, t_2, \dots, t_k, t'_1, \dots, t'_k) = \sum_{S \in \mathcal{P}(1:n)} \prod_{i \in S} a_i \prod_{i \in \bar{S}} b_i \sum_{\langle t_1, \dots, t_k, i \in S \rangle}$$

$$\left(\sum_{\langle t_1, \dots, t_k, i \in S \rangle} S(t_1, t_2, \dots, t_k) \right) \left(\sum_{\langle t_1, \dots, t_k, i \in \bar{S} \rangle} S(t_1, t_2, \dots, t_k, t'_1) \right)$$

g_k is d.l.h. of k of f_n

$$\tilde{F}_{n+1}(t_1, t_2, \dots, t'_1, \dots, t'_n) = \sum_{t_1, \dots, t_n, t'_1, \dots, t'_n} \tilde{F}_n(t_1, t_2, \dots, t'_1, \dots, t'_n)$$